She Plays Principal Role in a Very Sensational Scene at the White House.

WANTED TO SEE THE PRESIDENT

She Was Refused, Thereupon Became Violent and Was Ejected by Two Policemen.

THEN WENT TO SENATE CHAMBER.

There the Hero of the Hatchet Shouted Aloud: "Saloons Are Anarchy"-Was Ejected and Fined.

Washington, Nov. 19 .- Mrs. Carrie A. Nation appeared in the principal role of a sensational scene at the White House today. Her request to see the president being refused, she became violent and had to be taken from the executive offices by two police officers. As she was being escorted from the building she shouted at the top of her voice, gesticulating violently:

WHAT CARRIE PRAYS FOR.

"I am going to pray for a Prohibition president and we will have one-one who will represent the people and not the distillers and brewers. You may put me out of the building, but if a brewer of liquor dealer were here he

would have been admitted at once,"
Accompanied by a young newspaper
man, Mrs. Nation called, at the executive offices and asked to see President
Roosevelt. She was attired in a worn, Roosevelt. She was attired in a worn, black silk dress and wore a closely fitting black velvet bonnet. She gave her card to the venerable doorkeeper, Arthur Simons, who, recognizing the name, immediately proffered her an autograph album in which she inscribed the following: e fo owing: "Carrie A. Nation, your loving home

defender."
"Vote for the prohibition of the liquor,

WANTED TO SEE PRESIDENT.

While awaiting an answer to her request, Mrs. Nation said she wanted to see the president about several matters. "I understand he carried a dive full of liquors on his western trip; that he smoked cigarettes on the steps of the capitol of Topeka; that his flag has on t a coat of arms. Are these things

Assured she had been misinformed, him anyway and have a talk with

"WELL, THAT IS FUNNY."

Presently she was informed that the president could not see her.
"Well, that is funny," she cried out, remarking on the number of United States senators and representatives who were passing in and out of his of-fice. "I see a lot of men going in and out of his office. I should like to know why they can see the president and we mothers and ssters of the country can't

near hm. I want an explanaton of and I'm going to have it." e insisted that she must see Secy. Loeb and a few minutes later she was ushered into his office. While she was awaiting her turn to talk to Mr. Loeb, the four Democratic representatives of Pennsylvania and two Republican representatives of New York happened to pass through the office.

LECTURE ON LIQUOR. Mrs. Nation immediately began to

This liquor business has got to stop, she declared. "That is the greatest is sue confronting us. Our homes are being destroyed, our men ruined and we nust have a president who will put

'Madame," broke in Secy. Loeb, "I am compelled to request you to discontinue your talk. If you want to deliver a lecture you will have to go outside. These are my offices."

"YOU ARE MISTAKEN."

"You are mistaken," shouted Mrs. Nation hystetrically. "These are the people's offices. I propose to do what I can right here, and now to crush the liquor reptiles. You tell me that the president is too busy to see me, but I tell you that I don't believe it."

Secy. Loeb beckoned to Officer Dal-rymple, who had followed Mrs. Nation into the office, to take her out. The of-ficer took her gently by the arm and escorted her back into the reception hall. There she began to rave about the president conducting a liquor dive on his special train.

ARRESTED NINETEEN TIMES.

"I have been arrested nineteen times." she cried, "but that is all right. I don't object to being punished for doing right. I'm ordered out, am I? Well, I reckon I can stay in the fresh air, can't I?" Officers Dairymple and Kemp were obliged to use some force to induce her to leave the executive offices and fin-

to leave the executive offices and fin-ally conducted her outside of the White House grounds. All the while she continued to declaim her principles and to rail at the president for not re-celving her. Of course, until some time afterward the president knew nothing of her presence at the White

TO THE CAPITOL.

Mrs. Nation went direct to the capito after leaving the White House and appeared in the senate gallery a fe appeared in the senate gallery a few minutes before the senate was called to order at noon. She was soon discovered and surrounded by pages and messenger boys, and until prohibited by the senate officials, did a thriving business in selling her cards with a tiny hatchet attached. She took a seat well to the front in the ladies' public gallery. She announced her intention to make a speech to the senate, but when told that she would not be allowed to do so, she acquiesced readily and took her de-parture. She went to the marble room

and talked with Senator Cockerill. COMPLAINS TO COCKERILL. want it understood that I am a law-

want it understood that I am a law-abiding woman."

She had been absent from the gal-lery about 10 minutes when she reap-peared at one of the doors of the la-dies' gallery and raising her right hand far above her head, she shouted in a loud and clear tone, "Saloons are anarchy; saloons are treason and con-spiracy!"

"SALOONS ARE ANARCHY." She swung her arm around her head and again shouted "Saloons are an-

archy."
She was preparing to go on when a

She was preparing to go on when a doorkeeper caught her and pushed her out of the door.

The senate was engaged at the time in receiving bills, but Mrs. Nation's voice was much more penetrating than the reading clerk's and it was distinctly heard throughout the senate chamber and even in the corridors. The incident created a ripple of excitement.

SENATORS SMILED.

Senators generally smiled, but no public attention was given to the mat-

ter.

When Mrs. Nation entered the gallery Detective R. D. Redfern, of the capitol police force took a place by her side and as soon as she was expelled from the gallery he prevented a further scene by placing her under arrest. Mrs. Nation took this proceeding as an ordeal with which she was farest. Mrs. Nation took this proceeding as an ordeal with which she was familiar and the police experienced no difficulty in inducing her to go with them to the capitol guard room. The district police were informed of the arrest and Mrs. Nation was taken to police headquarters. Detective Redferm accompanied Mrs. Nation to the police court, where she was arraigned before Judge Kimball on a charge of disorderly conduct and breach of the peace. ly conduct and breach of the peace. En route she started an address on the subject of telling to the world the curse of anarchy and rum, saying she had but obeyed the injunction of the Master to "speak aloud." Judge Kimball permitted Mrs. Nation to continue her remarks, which furnished amusement to a large number of spectators.

CARRIE FINED.

At the conclusion she was fined \$25, or 30 days in jail, the maximum penalty for the offense charged. Mrs. Nation made an appeal for assistance and by the sale of souvenir hatchets added a sum to her pocket supply of money which allowed her to pay the fine.

A DYNAMITE EXPLOSION. Kills Three Men, Fatally Injuring A Fourth.

Kalkaska, Mich., Nov. 19.—By an explo-sion of namite in a burning store at Sharon today three men were killed and a fourth fatally injured. THE DEAD.

Pov Dimes, blacksmith. just Wanglan, scaler. William Sharp, nightwatchman, FATALLY INJURED. George McCleinan.

FOUL MURDER.

Body Found with Twenty one Stiletto Wounds Upon It.

Minneapolis, Minn., Nov. 19.—With 21 stilletto wounds the frozen body of Salvador Battalia was found early today on the Franklin avenue bridge. That robbery was not the motive is clear from the fact that about 85 was found untouched in his pockets, while a loaded revolver in his pocket showed that he had been struck down from behind without a chance to defend himself. There is no clue to the murderers.

Two National Banks Fail.

Washington, Nov. 19,—The Farmers' Na-tional Bank of Henrietta, Tex., has been elemented by direction of the comptroller of the currency. Miller Weir, national bank examiner, has been appointed temporary receiver.

Elkhart, Ind., Nov. 19.—The Indiana National bank of this city has been closed by the comptroller of the currency and National Bank Examiner C. H. Bosworth has been directed to take charge of the bank.

Japanese Press is Billicose.

St. Petersburg. Nov. 19.—A dispatch from Port Arthur notes a renewal of the bellicose tone of the Japanese press, It says Japan's agents appear to have met with some successes and governors have been instructed to collect funds and troops with all haste because of the possibility of a rupture of the diplomatic relations with Blustic and distinct relations with Blustic and distinct relations with Blustic and additional relations with Blustic and relations with the re troops with all haste because of the possibility of a rupture of the diplomatic relations with Russia, and adds that some of the viceroys have been ordered to take precautionary measures for the protection of the coast "so as to avoid the mistakes of past years."

Dared to Approach the Emperor.

Yokohama, Nov. 19.—As the emperor was returning to the pulace at Tokio today from the army maneuvers he was approached by a young Japanese, who presumably intended to present his majesty with a popular petition. The man was immediately arrested by the guards. The petition besought the emperor to take decisive, action in the Manchurian question. The incident caused some excitement, but the petitioner proved to be a sane, calm, student of the linguistic school.

Death for Train Wreckers.

Death for 1-ain wreckers,
Denver, Colo., Nov. 18.—Should Chas.
McKinney, Patrick Mullaney and Thomas
Foster be convicted on the charge of attempted train wrecking on which they
have ben arrested at Cripple Creek, they
will be liable to the death penalty under
the Colorado statute, Adjt.-Gen. Sherman
Bell says that these men with others were
shadowed by soldders in citizens clothes
who saw them in the act of removing,
spikes and fish plates from a rail on the
Florence & Cripple Creek railroad, the apparent object being to wreck a train carrying hundreds of miners home from
work.

Americans at Bogota Safe.

Bogota, Tuesday, Nov. 17.-The Co-American legation and American citi-zens here. There is no fear of a demonstration against them. Washington, Nov. 19.-The state de-

partment has received a cablegram from Minister Beaupre, dated Bogota two days ago, saying that the excitenent was abating.

LILLIE PIERCE LOST SUIT. Jury Says She Was Not the Widow of Col. Imboden.

St. Louis, Nov. 16.-Lillie Belle Pierce lost her suit against the estate of the late Col. Luther E. Imboden, the sealed verdict opened in the circuit court to-day declaring that she was not the wife of Col. Imboden at the time of his death, and was not entitled to the beneate the claimed. fits she claimed.

Miss Pierce sought to establish her claim as the common law widow of Imboden. By this suit she asked for the granting of a \$500 annuity, intending, it successful, to bring suit to secure the widow's share of the estate, which is estimated to be worth about \$500,000.

Mrs. Eteleke Imboden Parrish, the

daughter of Col. Imboden, resisted the suit. Miss Pierce is the daughter of Mrs. Nation complained sharply of her expulsion from the White House and said she did not know why she had been so treated. "I did nothing to deserve to be put out," she said, "for

HOSTILITIES ARE RENEWED.

Railway Strike Have Signally Failed.

Company's Teamsters Have Struck-Strike Sympathizers Beat a Man For Expressing His Opinions.

Chicago, Nov. 19 .- All efforts of the mayor to secure arbitration of the differences between the Chicago City railway and its striking employes have

This announcement was made today following a series of conferences between Mayor Harrison and his mediation committee of adermen and committees representing the company and the strikers.

It was stated that today's meetings developed no common meeting ground for the opposing sides, and that for the present there is no sign of an amicable settlement.

Renewal of hostilities between the City Railway company and the employes of that corporation began promptly today following the failure of attempts at artibration. The first development n the warfare was a strike of all the teamsters in the employ of the company. In all 60 drivers quit work.

The strike of the teamsters was in The strike of the teamsters was in obedience to the command of the teamsters' joint council. It is the intention of the teamsters' union, if possible, to prevent the delivery of coal and supplies to the railway company and the operation. Of its repair wagons.

Thus far the company has been able to keep three days' supply of coal in its bins and no fear is admitted by the officials that there is danger of the powerhouses having to be shut down powerhouses having to be shut down from lack of fuel. The action of the joint council was

The action of the,
The action of the joint council was
taken, according to the official records,
because Edward Dwyer, a member of
the teamsters' union, refused to haui
non-union electric workers in his wagon and was thereupon discharged.
Dwyer is secretary for the streetcar
teamsters' union.

This is said to mean that the company cannot get a pound of coal or
supplies of any kind without employing non-union drivers. The company,
anticipating the refusal of teamsters
to haul supplies, is said to be planning
to obtain foodstuffs by means of the
steam railroads. A shop at Thirtyninth street and Emerald avenue is
connected with the Chicago & Eastern
Illinois railroad tracks and with the
street railway company's barns by
means of switch tracks and will be of switch tracks, and will be

used, it is said, as a base of supplies.

The stand taken by the street railway officials upon the "closed shop" contention of the strikers, which contention was said to have been acandoned by the men, was made clearer today when the substance of the letter sent by the directors to Mayor Harrison and the aldermanic mediation committee last night, was learned. The directors said in effect that Atty. Darrow, counsel for the strikers, in drawing up the "clos-ed shop" proposition modification, had only changed the wording and that what was embraced in the clause meant the same as a closed shop. The direc tors, it was said, would agree to nothing except an absolute waiver of that osition. They would not they allow the union to control the

The letter further charged that union employes had committed thefts more serious crimes and that the direc-tors of the company would not let men of that calibre have any voice, direct or indirect, in the management.

The tie-up on the Halsted street line

of the Chicago City Street railway was broken today by placing in commission five cars. This is the fourth line to be operated. Limited service on Went-worth, Cottage Grove and Indiana avenues was maintained today with little trouble. Police details accompanied each car and train sent out, but the force car and train sent out, but the force of patrolmen stationed along the three lines previously opened was materially reduced to provide protection for the Halsted street line, which traverses a district in which trouble is believed to be more likely to occur. This line is one of the main feeders for a large territory surrounding the Union Stock yards and extends southwest to Sov. yards and extends southwest to enty-seventh street, traversing the business center of the city by way of

Clark street, which it enters at Twenty-second street.

In spite of the fear that violence would be encountered when the cara reached the stockyards there was no

trouble Starting at Seventy-sixth street the cars sped along at a good rate and with but tew stops. No attempt was made to collect fares, and but a dozen persons, chiefly newspaper reporters, aside from police and the rall men, occupied

ne cars. Alfred Grannis, a broker, 43 years old. was attacked and badly beaten today in a fight growing out of a dispute with a fight growing out of a dispute with two young men as to the street car strike. Grannis, who sided with the steps taken in placing policemen on cars, received a blow in the face which felled him. Before he could regain his feet men set upon him kicked and pummeled him severely in the face and about the body, rendering him unconscious. His assailants were pursued by scious. His assailants were pursued by an angry crowd, which was only pre-vented from wreaking vengeance upon he men by a policeman who arrested

ISHADOWS CLOSE ON MORTENSEN.

All Efforts to Settle Chicago City | Supreme Court Unanimously Denies Him a Rehearing on Second Appeal.

MAYOR COULD DO :NOTHING. OPINION IS BY JUDGE M'CARTY REFUSED TO CO UNDER FIRE.

This Action Makes Chance for the Condemned Man Exceedingly

ARRANGEMENTS FOR EXECUTION.

They Are Going on With the Probability That it Will Take Place As Planned.

The supreme court this afternoon unanimously denied the petition for rehearing on the second appeal, filed by Atty. Stewart on behalf of Peter Mortensen, whose execution is set for tomorrow between the hours of 10 a. m.

and 2 p. m. The decision was written by Justice McCarty, who wrote the dissenting opinion in a different phase of the case a few days ago, and which gave the prisoner a new hope for life. Chief Justice Baskin and Justice Bartch concurred on every point.

STILL AT IT.

Mortensen's Attorneys Ask That He be Heard by Pardon Board.

Mortensen's attorneys apparently never know when they are beaten. Late this afternoon they continued their fight for the life of their client by filing with the governor and board of pardons a plea for the privilege of having the condemned man, now almost in the very shadow of death, appear before his excellency and the members of the board and explain why he should not be executed.

In the petition Mortensen claims that he is an innocent man; that he has not had a fair trial and thatif he is permitted to appear before the board and state his own case he can convince them that he is not a guilty man.

WHAT GOVERNOR SAYS.

In commenting on the petition this fternoon Gov. Wells said: "It is a afternoon Gov. most unusual proceeding. I have never heard of such action before. If Mortensen has a statement that he should make, he can make it to me. I will go out to hear him. There is no necessity of his appearing before the board as far as I can see at this time."

READY FOR EXECUTION.

Now that the supreme court has decided against the condemned man, all that now remains is the execution, which is scheduled to occur temorrow between the hours of 10 and 2. As state. ed in last night's "News," everything is in readiness for the final act and the probabilities are that all will be over before noon. This, of course, is in the event that the prisoner is not granted a reprieve by the governor, pending an appeal to the United States supreme courf. Should this be done, Mortensen's hopes will not have been in vain, for by the guards at the state prison he is said to be the most hopeful man they have ever had behind the walls. Meanwhile however, the sheriff's men are under instructions to report for duty at the time appointed, ready to carry out the requirements of the law.

MRS. MORTENSEN'S DENIAL. Wife of Condemned Man Never Promised to Go and See Him.

(Special to the "News,")

Ogden, Utah, Nov. 19 .- Mrs. Peter Mortensen, when seen by a "News" representative today, said she desired to emphatically deny the story concerning her promised visit to her condemned husband, prior to his execution. The woman stated that she had never made such a promise, had never had any such intention, and did not now propose to do so. Mrs. Mortensen is broken in health, due largely to the strain upon her of her husband's impending fate. Her child also, born about a year ago, is seriously ill, and with conditions as they are, it would be impossible, even if the woman so desired, for her to make a visit to the state prison.

This morning Mrs. Mortensen's brothers, William and E. J. Watkins, went to Salt Lake to visit the condemned man. Mrs. Mortensen is living in a cosy little home on Quincy avenue, purchased for her by her father and

MAJOR J. W. F. DISS WALKS THE PLANK.

Right of Way and General Claim Agent of Salt Lake Route Is "Bounced."

But When T. E. Gibbon Came Back With Some Specified Charges, He Stepped Down and Out.

Major J. W. F. Diss, right of way and general claim agent for the Salt Lake Route, has been "bounced." His resignation was asked for on account of the alleged "salting" of the San Pedro. Los Angeles & Salt Lake railroad, which came to light in Los Angeles early in the week. Diss refused to retire under fire, so yesterday he was served with a notice that his services were not required a minute longer. Diss came back with a request for specified

auses for removal. Causes for removal.

Vice President T. E. Gibbon replied with six different counts, among which were the allegations that Diss had been derelict in his duty, by allowing frauds to be committed when he had been informed that such was the case, and that Diss frequently furnished Hays with the official correspondence of the railroad company, thereby putting him on his guard. It was also ting him on his guard. It was also stated that no accounting for \$1,600 of the company's money had been made until pressure had been brought to

bear.

As previously stated, H. T. Hays was cashier of the Orange Growers' Nation-al Bank of Riverside. The Los Angeles Times devotes three

columns to the scandal and among other things says: other things says:

"Hon. T. E. Gibbon, third vice president of the company, stated that there will be a sequel which may be more surprising than the first discovery of Hays' grafting. He would not announce in advance what the company proposes to do. He more than hinted at the possibility that the matter will ultimately reach the courts, but refused to go into details. He is sature are other cases, but re are other cases, but some of them have been so carefully planned and executed that it will be difficult to place the blame upon any

individual.

"A dispatch to the Times from Riverside last night contains the assertion that the money which Hays secured was his 'commission' for making purchases of property for the railroad company. This idea is laughed at by the local officials of the company. Both Mr. Clark and Mr. Gibbon assert that the question of commission does not the question of commission does not enter into the matter, because Hays' commission was fixed and agreed upon; that the amounts he received represented to the railroad company as the actual purchase price paid for the property which he bought for the com-

has confessed that he has participated in such a questionable transaction will suse amazement to thousands of persons throughout this part of the state who know him personally or by repu-tation. There are few men of wider few who heretofore have been more generally liked. Hays has been a prominent figure in Riverside for years. As cashier of one of its leading banks he came into contact with Riverside's citizens and with the men of wealth and standing throughout that county was formerly president of the Riv erside chamber of commerce, and was or side chamber of commerce, and was noted for his ability to successfully carry forward his plans. It was he who when the president visited River-side, surrendered his palattal quarters in Glenwood Tavern to the chief executive and during the president's stay there he was a leader in the effort to give him cause to remember Riverside and her people. Tom Hays has been a high liver and a big spender, and into Davenport for repairs. impressed one as a map who never did anything by halves, and this charac-teristic won for him many friends. To these the announcement of his present trouble will be a severe blow. Into politics, as in everything else in which was interested, he put his art. He managed Maj. I campaign when he was seeking the nomination for Congress in that dis-trict, and it was largely due to his efforts that Maj. Daniels was nomi-

Cedar Fails Concern Falls.

Cedar Falls, Ia., Nov. 19 .- The Cedar Falls Hub Clothing company, one of the largest clothing firms in this city, was today placed in the hands of a re ceiver on the request of creditors in Chicago.

WOMEN'S CLUBS.

Biennial Session Committee Meets To Prepare for Next Meeting.

St. Louis, Nov. 19.-The biennial sessions committee of the General Federa tion of Women's clubs met here today to make preparations for the meeting to be held next May in St. Louis. Committees were appointed and the work for the meeting, to continue through the week, was outlined. An early ad-journment was taken today so that those present might attend the reception given them at the World's Fair grounds at noon.

Among the members of the committee and board of directors now in the city are: Mrs. C. T. Dennison of New York, president; Mrs. Robert J. Burdette of Los Angeles, first vice president, and Mr. Samuel Hayes of Boise city, Idaho, a director.

A Farmer Frozen to Death

Palmer, Ia., Nov. 19,-E, Heinrichs, a German farmer, living near here, was frozen to death last night. He was driving home from Mason when the team ran into a ditch, throwing him into a pool of water.

NEW CANAL TREATY.

Has Been Decided to Ratify it at Panama.

Washington, Nov. 19.—It has been decided that the Panaraa canal treaty shall be ratified at Panara. The commission which arrived here last night will sail Dec. 1 for that state, arriving there on the 7th. It is expected that between that date and Dec. 10 the treaty will be ratified.

WANTS FEDERAL TROOPS.

Gov. Peabody Calls on President For Them, Who Refuses.

Washington, Nov. 19 .- President Roose Washington, Nov. 19.—President Rooseveit has received a dispatch frem Gov.
Peabody of Colorado, asking that Gen.
Baldwin, commanding the department of
the Colorado, be instructed to supply such
troops as may be necessary to preserve
order in the Telluride mining district. Arter a consultation between the president
and the secretary of war Gov. Peabody
was advised that it did not appear that
the resources of the state to keep the
peace had been exhausted and therefore
the request for troops was denied.

DESIRE INDEPENDENCE.

Two More Departments Want to

Secede from Colombia. Washington, Nov. 18.—The state de-partment late this afternoon received advices that the departments of Cauca and Antioquia, of Colombia, are seek-ing to separate from that government and are soliciting admission into the republic of Panama.

republic of Panama.

No surprise is expressed here over the report that these departments are making an effort to align themselves with the republic of Panama. The two departments named, and also that of Bolivar, are the most prosperous in the whole Colombian territory. They contribute the greater portion of the revenues for the federal treasury, that of Antioquia alone paying about one-third of the entire amount. The Antioquians are known as the Yankees of Colombia and are a progressive and businesslike people. For a long time there has been dissatisfaction and discontent among the people of these departments over the management of affairs by the over the management of affairs by the politicians at Bogota, by whom they say their rights have been disregarded and their interests treated indifferently. A disposition toward secession has often manifested itself among them and open revolt at this time would not be sur-prising. The department of Cauca will benefit more largely than that of any other except Panama from the con-struction of a canal across the isthmus.

HORRIBLE TRAGEDY.

Gus Olson of Laramie Slays His

Family. Cheyenne, Wyo., Nov. 18 .- A telephone message from Laramie, Wyo., says the police this afternoon found in their home there the bodies of Gus Clson, employe of the rolling mill; his wife and their two boys aged three and one years respectively. Olson and the younger not permitted to get out of sight of the child were dead and the others dying. It is supposed that some time last night on committed the deed, crushing the skulls of his family with a hatchet and then shooting himself twice with a revolver and once with a shotgun. O'son is said to have been acting strangely for some time and he is believed to

Merriman, the Novelist, Dead. London, Nov. 19.—Henry Seton Mer-riman (Hugh Stowell Scott), the novel-ist, is dead. He had been suffering from appendicitis for a week,

ALL ON BOARD DROWNED.

Torpedo Boat Destroyer Falcon Runs Down a Fishing Smack. Davenport, England, Nov. 19 .- The a fishing smack. The latter sunk and all hands aboard of her were drowned. The Falcon's bows were smashed and one of her crew was killed. She put

DEATH WARRANT SIGNED. Judge Booth Attaches Signature to the James Lynch Order.

Judgs Booth has signed the death warrant of James Lynch, whom he yesterday sentenced to be executed on Friday, Jan. 8, 1994, betwen the hours of 19 a.m. and 4 p. ra., for the murder of Colonel Godfrey Prowse, in this city, on the night of Sept. 11, 1900. The warrant is in the usual form and directs Sheriff Emery to take James Lynch, on the above date and between the hours set, within the walls of the state prison, and there shoot him until he is dead. The warrant will be placed in the hands of Sheriff Emery this afternoon

DUMMIES BARRED.

Empty Cigar Boxes Will No Longer be In Tobacconi '' Display.

Internal Revenue Collector Callister has received a decision from the revenue department at Washington which is of interest to cigar manufacturers and dealers. It tends to discourage and prohibit the use of "dummy" cigar boxes in displays in their windows for advertising purposes. Oftentimes the deputy collector has to inspect such boxes, causing a great annoyance to the dealer as well as the deputy, While the practise complained of is not a direct violation of the revenue law, still it should not be allowed. The gist of the decision on that matter follows: "Cigar boxes which have never been "Cigar boxes which have never been used for packing claars, but are intended for display in advertising, while not prohibited by law are objectionable, and their use should be discouraged."

50,000 SHEEP FREEZING TO DEATH.

Denver, Colo., Nov. 19.-A special to the Post from Sydney,

Passengers on eastbound Union Pacific trains report that 50,000 or more sheep are freezing to death in deep snow drifts north of Cokeville, Wyo., on the Oregon Short Line. These sheep had T been summer grazed in the Idaho and Wyoming mountains north of Cokeville and were being removed to the winter ranges of I the Red desert in Wyoming when overtaken by the blizzard.

FIFTY-THIRD YEAR.

You are in Good Company When you Place Your Name on These Pages. The Leading Firms of the City are All Here.

IN CHEYENNE.

Troops Are Guarding Approaches To the Jail That Contains Tom Horn.

NONE MAY CROSS THE SQUARE

Unless Provided With Written Permits -Cowboys Coming in and Trouble is Feared.

THREATS AGAINST GOVERNOR.

Bets Are Being Made That Condemned Man Will Not be Hanged Tomorrow Morning.

(Special to the "News.")

Cheyenne, Wyo., Nov. 19 .-- One full roop of cavalry and a company of infantry are now guarding Tom Horn. the condemned murderer, and whose sentence to be hanged tomorrow is to be carried out. The court house square is a military camp, the building bristles with shot guns, rifles and other armament and all aproaches to the building are guarded. Pedestrians and others are halted and not permitted to enter or cross the square unless they have written permits.

EXPECTS RESCUE.

Never before in the history of Wyomng have the people taken such extraordinary measures to keep a murderer from escaping the law, but it is not the people's fault, for Horn has powerful friends who are moving heaven and earth to liberate him. Horn has sent forth word that he does not expect to hang and friends on the outside are betting heavy odds that he will be rescued. These talks emanate from men who are believed to know what they are talking about and the law abiding element is getting very anxious and un-

COWBOYS ARRIVE.

The city is filling up with a motly crowd of cowboys and plainsmen, miners and citizens from over the state. The vigilance at the jail has not been relaxed for a moment. The guards death watch. There appears to be only one way in which Horn can cheat the gallows and that is by suicide.

WILL SHOOT HORN.

Tonight will be the crucial test between the soldier guards and Horn's friends. The latter may attempt the delivery then but if they do one of the bloodiest battles in the history of Wyoming will be fought. Many persons will be killed and Horn among the number for the guards have been instructed to shoot Horn in his cell in the event the attacking party gains en-

trance to the jail. The gallows are ready and in good working order. The death march will start at 10:45 temorrow.

GOVERNOR'S LIFE THREATENED. Cheyenne, Wyo., Nov. 19 .- Gov. Chatterton has received a letter written on stationery of the Albany hotel in Denver, threatening him with death unless he commutes the sentence of Tom Horn, who is to be hanged here tomorrow for the murder of Willie Nickell. The letter declares in substance that if Horn is permited to hang Gov. Chatterton will not be permitted to live 24 hours. The governor does not re-gard the threat seriously.

HILTON CASE.

C. W. Penrose Placed on Stand for Some Additional "Cross - Examination."

The Hilton-McCormick case was taken up before Judge Hall again this morning and Witness Charles W. Penrose was again placed on the stand for additional cross-examination at the hands of the attorneys for plaintiff. Most of the session this morning was taken up in the attorney asking questions which he had already asked the witness and which had been answered several times and which the court refused to permit him to go into again.

Attorney Jones again tried to get the witness to give the names and ceremony connected with "sealings for eternity," which he had witnessed. Attornity," which he had witnessed. Attornew Stewart objected to the question, whereupon the court asked the witness if the rule of the Church, in regard to such ceremonies, was not that they should be kept secret. The witness replied that it was, and the court then sustained the objection and did not allow the question to be answered. In answer to a question, Mr. Penrose stated that some of the sealings for time were kept secret and others were made public. The attorney for plaintiff then insinuated that if that was the case there must have been something wrong there must have been something wrong about them.

In explanation of his answer, which witness was allowed to make over the objection of plaintiff's attorney, he said that he referred to a former time. At the present time he said that no marriages are performed except where a license is duly issued and returned, hence all are made public in that sense. He was still under crossexamination when court adjourned until 2:30 o'clock,

Requisition for Ziegler.

Albany, N. Y., Nov. 18.—Sheriff E. A. Smith of Missouri arrived today with papers of requisition for the extradition of William Ziegler, of New York, accused of bribery in connection with baking powder legislation in Missouri. Gov. Odell is out of the city and not expected before Saturday when it is expected he will fix a day next week for a hearing upon the matter.

WHY ASSAYER WOOLLEY'S APPOINTMENT WASN'T CONFIRMED

deal of comment is heard here over the appointment of H. S. Woolley as assayer at the mint, Boise. A rumor is current that the failure of the president to send his name to the senate was due to opposition because Mr. Woolley is of the "Mormon" faith, but the facts are | dent. "So far as I know he is a that the president has not yet sent in satisfactory assayer, and I know of no any of the Idaho "recess" appoint-

day what he knew of the opposition to Washington, D. C., Nov. 18 .- A great this particular selection, which was made by Senator Heyburn.

"I have nothing from any of my friends in the state which would indicate a desire to defeat the confirmation of Mr. Woolley," said the senator to the "News" corresponreason at present why his appointment ments. Senator Dubois was asked to- | should be opposed in the senate."

George W. E. Dorsey, former congressman from Nebraska, now engaged in mining operations in Utah and Idaho, is here on his way to New York.

"Improved conditions in the Rocky mountain states," said Mr. Dorsey, "make it comparatively easy to secure eastern capital for development, I have every reason to believe that with-in the next few years many millions of eastern capital will be invested in min-ing, lumber and railroad ventures in ing, lumber and Idaho and Utah."